
Foundations of Quantum Information Theory

Sheet 5

Discussion: 18.05.2015

Exercise 1: Consider a finite dimensional vector space E with a proper, generating cone E_+ containing a base $\Sigma \subset E_+$. Show that

$$\begin{aligned}\varphi: E^* &\rightarrow \text{Aff}(\Sigma) \\ f &\mapsto f \upharpoonright_{\Sigma}\end{aligned}$$

is an order isomorphism from E^* equipped with the dual cone E_+^* onto $\text{Aff}(\Sigma)$ with the natural cone

$$\text{Aff}_+(\Sigma) = \{f \in \text{Aff}(\Sigma) \mid f(x) \geq 0, \forall x \in \Sigma\}$$

(6 pts)

Exercise 2: Consider a compact (non-empty) convex set $\mathcal{C} \subset E \cong \mathbb{R}^n$ with non-vanishing interior and $0 \in \mathcal{C}$; then, consider the set

$$\Sigma = \{\delta_x \in \text{Aff}^*(\mathcal{C}) \mid x \in \mathcal{C}, \delta_x(f) = f(x)\}$$

which is, according to 1.8 and 1.10 in the notes, convex and isomorphic (as a convex structure) to \mathcal{C} . Show that Σ coincides with the base of $\text{Aff}_+^*(\mathcal{C})$ given by

$$\Sigma_{\mathbb{I}} = \{\varphi \in \text{Aff}_+^*(\mathcal{C}) \mid \varphi(\mathbb{I}) = 1\}$$

where $\mathbb{I} \in \text{Aff}(\mathcal{C})$ such that $\mathbb{I}(x) = 1, \forall x \in \mathcal{C}$. (7 pts)

Exercise 3: (Minkowski Product) Consider the spaces:

- (a) $\mathcal{B}_{sa}(\mathbb{C}^2) := \{A \in \mathcal{B}(\mathbb{C}^2) \mid A^* = A\}$ with the cone $\mathcal{B}_+(\mathbb{C}^2) := \{A \in \mathcal{B}(\mathbb{C}^2) \mid A \geq 0\}$
- (b) \mathbb{R}^4 with the cone $C^+ := \{x \in \mathbb{R}^4 \mid x_0^2 - \sum_{j=1}^3 x_j^2 \geq 0, x_0 \geq 0\}$

1. Show that both spaces are isomorphic as ordered vector spaces, i.e. construct a linear isomorphism $T: \mathbb{R}^4 \rightarrow \mathcal{B}_{sa}(\mathbb{C}^2)$ such that $T(C^+) = \mathcal{B}_+(\mathbb{C}^2)$. (4 pts)
2. Show that a linear isomorphism $T: \mathbb{R}^4 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^4$ is an order automorphism (i.e. $T(C^+) = C^+$) or anti-automorphism (i.e. $T(C^+) = -C^+$) if and only if

$$\eta(Tx, Ty) = c\eta(x, y)$$

where c is a positive constant and η denotes the Minkowski product,

$$\eta(x, y) = x_0 y_0 - \sum_{j=1}^3 x_j y_j$$

(Hint: What happens to lightlike vectors, i.e. $x \in \mathbb{R}^4$ s.th. $\eta(x, x) = 0$?) - (6 pts)

Exercise 4: (Ordered Vector Spaces) Let \mathcal{H} be a finite dimensional Hilbert space. Equip the space $\mathcal{B}_{sa}(\mathcal{H})$ of self-adjoint matrices with the operator norm $\|A\|_\infty := \sup_{\|v\|_2=1} \|Av\|_2$.

1. Show that $\mathcal{B}_{sa}(\mathcal{H})$ together with this norm, the natural ordering and the identity is an order unit space. (3 pts)
2. Compute the dual base norm space to $\mathcal{B}_{sa}(\mathcal{H})$ with its positive cone, its base and its base norm. (4 pts)